Syllabus for
Algorithms
COMP 215

Instructor: Mark LeBlanc (mleblanc)
Office: SC-B103
Phone: 286-3970 (on campus: x3970)

Office Hours: by appt. or
Mon/Tue/Wed/Thur 2-3:30pm
Meeting: MWF 9:30-10:20am (A118)
W 3:30-5:20pm (csLab)

Required Text:
The Design & Analysis of Algorithms

Strongly Recommended:
Applications Programming in ANSI C

A 3-ringed binder:
I will pass out many pages of notes. Many …

“... then (the algorithms of today) will become ‘simple’ problems and a new generation of challenges, which we can now only barely imagine, will take their place on the frontier of what it is possible to do with computers.”


Content of the course:
An introduction to the mathematical foundations, design, implementation and computational analysis of fundamental algorithms. Problems include heuristic searching, sorting, several graph theory problems, string matching, and the theoretical expression of their orders of growth. Out-of-class assignments and hands-on labs emphasize the balance between theoretical hypotheses (that is you figure out on a napkin how long an algorithm will take to run) and experimental verification (if your napkin math says the algorithm will finish in a reasonable time, then you implement a program to actually run an experiment).

Minor Theme:
A theme that runs throughout the course is Genomics. You grapple with what it means computationally to have (nearly complete) sequenced genomes available on the web, including human’s 3 billion base pairs. The DNA alphabet of base pairs (letters) is made up of only four choices: A, G, T, or C (the abbreviations for their chemical equivalents, Adenine, Guanine, Thymine, and Cytocine). In short, genomics is “computer science meets biology” or better yet, “Biology meets Big Oh.” For the purposes of computing, a DNA molecule is a word (a string of characters) where the characters are taken only from this four-letter alphabet (A,C,G,T), for example the string: or 5-mer “ACGTC”.
Strings, strings, strings -- DNA, DNA, DNA. (Actually, we could also use protein-coding strings of amino acids, but we will stick with DNA this semester).

Designing and implementing algorithms to search genomes is like standing at the bottom of a canyon with a pick axe: “There’s a lot of mining to be done; might as well start here.” Some will find gold.

**Curriculum:**
This course is one of four core courses that are required for a computer science major or minor at Wheaton. In many ways, Algorithms is the first course that challenges students with the subtle rigor of the discipline. It seems that everyone loves computing and the associated gadgets today, but the requirements for reliable and efficient software go far beyond the glitz of the web, cell, or iPod. The sections in an Algorithms text, for example: Big Oh notation, growth rates, combinatorial search, heuristic methods and intractable problems are themes that emerge throughout most of the subdisciplines of computer science.

As always ...

“In computer science, if you are almost correct you are a liability.”
Fred Kollett (1941-1997), Professor of Math and CS, Wheaton College

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your grade:</th>
<th>Homework 15%</th>
<th>continual throughout the semester as assigned in lectures</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quizzes 5%</td>
<td>continual throughout the semester as announced in lectures</td>
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<td>Weekly Labs 10%</td>
<td>Programs 40%</td>
<td>continual throughout the semester as assigned in lectures</td>
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<td>Programs 40%</td>
<td>2 In-Class Exams (10% each exam) 20%</td>
<td>Exam1: Friday, Sept 28 Exam2: Friday, Nov 16</td>
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<td>1 Final Exam 10%</td>
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<td>Wed, Dec 12, 2:00 – 5:00pm</td>
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**Honor Code Revisited:**
It goes without saying that all submitted work will be the student’s own, in keeping with the Wheaton Honor Code. Use discretion; don't ask your colleague for “the” answer on a homework question or programming assignment (and raise an eyebrow if someone asks you). However, I do encourage you to discuss problems in general, such as the type of data structure one might use or to help with a syntax error. Labs are open for discussing solutions, even getting hints. Your on-paper homework, quizzes, and exams, and your programming solutions must be your own from beginning to end.
LATE SUBMISSIONS:

Programming Assignments -- Due is due. Always turn in whatever you have on time. Something turned in on time is much better than receiving no credit because it is late. If the program is “due” by Tuesday, 5am, I reserve the right to turn OFF the Blackboard (Bb) dropbin, that is, you will not be allowed to submit your source code after that point. If your code does not compile/run/work right, submit what you have and tell me in your README file. So let’s agree together: all assignments are due as stated. (Exceptions granted for serious reasons). If your professor is your boss (and he is of sorts) and your boss wants it when he said he wants it, then you submit what you have and explain what it does and does not do in your README file. Late is not an option. (Good, glad we can all agree with this).

Note: If a programming assignment is “due” on, say a Monday, I will actually allow you to submit your programs up to 5am of the following day. Thus, a program due on a Monday can safely be submitted up until Tuesday 5am. In short, if you are willing and/or need to work on and test your solution late into the night that it is due, you are granted some grace time. Note: See the paragraph above: due is due.

Submitting code: All programs submitted will include a README.txt file that explains the status of your work, e.g., “all is working”, “everything but X works”, etc. All programs will be submitted via our course Blackboard (Bb) site. When submitting your coding solutions, you must house all your files (.c, .cpp, .h, README, sample output if appropriate) in one folder and .zip that folder into one (1) file. You then will submit only one file (a .zipped file containing a folder with all your source, header, input, and README files). Note: do not submit project files. Only submit the files I will need to insert to my own project.

All programming assignments must be printed in landscape mode and STAPLED and submitted to me by the day after your code is electronically submitted. I will deduct points for source code that is not stapled.

Pencil-paper homework – All homework due on a particular day, e.g., Monday, will be collected at the start of lecture. Homework submitted at the end of class or later in that day will lose points. Again, it is better to submit unfinished work rather than nothing. Leave me a note, e.g., “I got this far on #3, but I couldn’t get the final solution.”

Your handwritten homework must be neat. I recommend that you work on your solutions on scratch paper throughout the week, not trying originally to be neat. Then, when it is time to submit your work, you can transcribe your solutions to new pieces of paper. Note: use lots of space on your paper; that is, use lots of pages of paper so your solutions appear neat and professional looking. This implies that you show how you arrived at a solution, that is, show all your work, not just “the answer.” And of course, STAPLE your pages. I will deduct points for work that is not stapled and not neat.

OUT-OF-CLASS WORKLOAD:
It is expected that you spend at least 2-3 hours on reading and practice problems for every 50 minutes of lecture. This computes to at least 6-9 hours of work in the text per week. This should be done throughout the semester and not just when studying for
exams. The material is cumulative in a big way; for example, week 5 depends heavily on weeks 1 through 4.

It is also expected that you spend at least 6-10 hours per week on your current programming assignment. WARNING: Programmers typically underestimate the time it takes to complete a software project; 6-10 hours per week on your programming assignment may be one of those “underestimations.”

QUIZZES
There will be 6-8 quizzes throughout the semester. Quizzes will be based on pages of reading given the previous lecture. You will be quizzed on material that has not yet appeared in lecture, that is, you must read before the material is presented in class. Quizzes will be used to get a pulse of the class, i.e., to see if you get the gist of the material in the reading. Most often, you will self-grade the quizzes in class immediately after taking them for instant feedback.

EXAMS
There are two in-class exams during the semester and a final exam during finals week. There will be no makeup exams, nor will the lowest exam grade be dropped. If you are an athlete and/or you have a conflict with an exam date, please see me within the first week of classes.

HELP
I have listed my office hours on the syllabus. But you know I’m always near a keyboard! Don’t let this material bury you. Study, study, study and talk about it with me as often as you can. Homework and programming assignments can be especially challenging. Visit me; ask questions!

Please don’t wait too long before you see me;
a quick chat in my office can often clear things up.
I’m here a lot…